# Nevada School Wellness Practices LANDER COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT

# Introduction

- Schools play a pivotal role in the promotion of students' health, well-being, and ability to learn.
- School districts participating in the National School Lunch Program and/or School Breakfast Program are required to develop a local school wellness policy that promotes the health of students and addresses the growing problem of childhood obesity<sup>1</sup>.
- The Nevada State School Wellness policy has been in place since 2007 and was recently revised and reissued in 2014.
- A progressive and more collaborative school/health interagency partnership is emerging to optimize school wellness programming outcomes in Nevada. As a beginning point, a 36-item survey to assess the school wellness practices in NV was disseminated to NV K-12 public schools through NV superintendents' offices in the Fall of 2014.
- The partnership will use the results of the survey to develop statewide priorities for improving school wellness in Nevada schools.

# Methodology

The purpose of this brief report is to provide district superintendents with aggregated information about the physical activity and nutrition practices of elementary, middle, and high schools in their districts. In this report we focus on one universal wellness practice - the presence of a school wellness coordinator, three specific physical activity (PA) practices, and four specific nutrition practices.

We selected these items because they (a) had the greatest variability throughout the state AND (b) were perceived to be feasibly modifiable. The PA practices are 1) minutes of required physical education: at least 150 minutes per week and at least 90 minutes per week; 2) minutes of recess provided: at least 100 minutes per week and at least 60 minutes per week (elementary schools only); and 3) school support of active transportation through the existence of an active travel plan (e.g., Safe Routes to Schools). Nutrition practices are 1) student access to a salad bar/traveling salad bar; 2) school participation in a fresh fruit and vegetable snack program; 3) scheduling of daily nutrition breaks; and 4) identification of nutrition education goals. A complete report of all survey items is in the Appendix.

Because the Lander County School District has a small number of schools, we are unable to provide statistical comparisons between the Lander County School District and the rest of the state. Instead, we indicate the total number of schools in Lander County that reported having each practice out of the total number that provided surveys at each school level.

For comparison purposes, we also provide figures that identify the percentage of schools in Clark County and the percentages of schools from the rest of the state that indicated affirmatively for each policy at each school level. We separate Clark County from the rest of the schools in the state because Clark County schools comprised 65% of all schools responding. We present error bars indicating 95% confidence intervals around the percentages. Note that overlapping confidence intervals indicate that the difference between Clark County and the rest of the state is not statistically significant at the p<0.05 level.

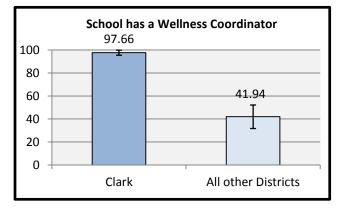
# Findings

We received a total of three surveys from Lander County schools, including two elementary schools (50% response rate), no middle schools (0% response rate), and one high school (100% response rate)<sup>2</sup>.

### **Elementary Schools**

### **School Wellness Coordinator**

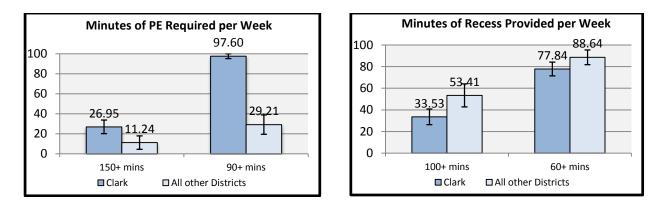
School wellness coordinators play an important role in implementing strong physical activity and nutrition programs in schools. Both Lander County elementary schools completing the survey reported having a school wellness coordinator. An overwhelming majority and significantly more Clark County elementary schools also reported having a school wellness coordinator relative to the rest of the schools in the state.



### **Physical Education and Recess Minutes**

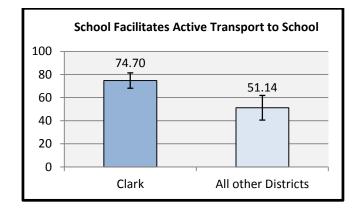
The national recommendation for the number of weekly PE minutes elementary students should receive is 150. Neither Lander County elementary schools reported requiring at least 150 minutes of PE per week. Instead, one reported requiring 60-89 minutes per week, and the other reported requiring fewer than 60 minutes per week. In addition, the national recommendation is that schools provide elementary students with at least 20 minutes of recess each day, equivalent to 100 minutes per week. One Lander County elementary school reported meeting this recommendation while the other one reported providing fewer than 60 minutes of recess per week.

Considering results from the state as a whole, though significantly more Clark County elementary schools reported requiring 150 minutes of PE compared to the rest of the state, less than 30% of Clark County schools indicated doing so. Compared to other NV elementary schools, significantly fewer Clark County schools reported providing 100 minutes of recess, but most Clark County elementary schools (over 77%) reported providing 60 minutes or more recess per week.



### **Active Transport**

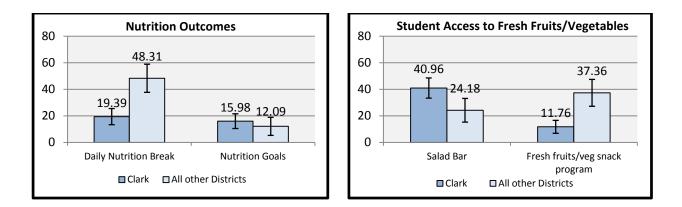
Facilitating active transport (e.g., walking and biking) to school has been shown to help students accrue important minutes in moderate to vigorous physical activity. Examples of such efforts include the Safe Routes to School and Walking School Bus programs. Schools also work with their local municipalities to take traffic calming measures such as school zone flashing lights, speed bumps, traffic lights, narrower streets, medians, and well-placed and well-marked cross walks with crossing guards. One Lander County elementary school reported engaging in this practice. Compared to other NV elementary schools, significantly more Clark County elementary schools reported facilitating active transport to school.



### Nutrition

Providing students with daily access to fresh fruits and vegetables, implementing daily nutrition breaks, and identifying nutrition goals can facilitate healthier eating, potentially contributing to reductions in childhood obesity and increases in attention and cognition. One of the Lander County elementary school reported providing daily nutrition breaks, but neither reported having a salad bar available for students, participating in the fresh fruits and vegetables program, or having identified nutrition goals.

Compared to elementary schools in the rest of Nevada, significantly fewer Clark County elementary schools reported providing students with a daily nutrition break, and similar to their NV elementary school counterparts, few Clark County elementary schools reported having school nutrition education goals. In addition, though significantly more Clark County elementary schools reported having a salad bar compared to elementary schools in the rest of the state, significantly fewer Clark County elementary schools reported participating in the fresh fruits and vegetable snack program compared to the rest of elementary schools in the state.

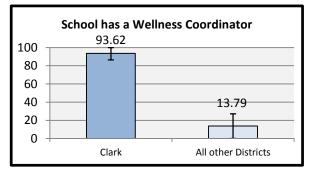


### **Middle Schools**

We received no surveys from middle schools in Lander County. So the results below summarize PA and nutrition practices for middles schools throughout the rest of the state.

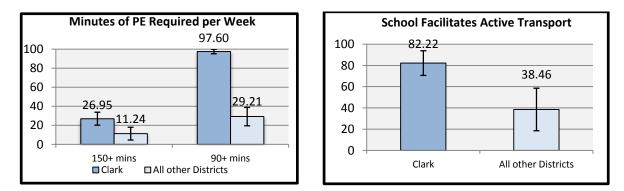
### **School Wellness Coordinator**

Wellness coordinators are essential for facilitating effective physical education and nutrition programs in schools. The overwhelming majority of Clark County middle schools reported having a wellness coordinator, but a very low percentage of the rest of Nevada reported having a school wellness coordinator.



### **Physical Education Minutes and Active Transport**

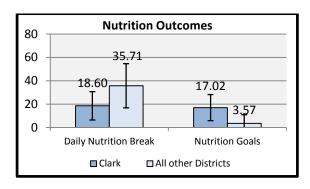
The national recommendation for middle schools is that students should receive at least 225 minutes of PE per week<sup>3</sup>. Our results suggest that most middle schools throughout the state of Nevada are not meeting that recommendation. In fact, most are not even providing at least 150 minutes of PE per week. Though over 80% of middle schools in Clark County have an active travel plan, fewer than 40% of middle schools in the rest of the state have such a plan.

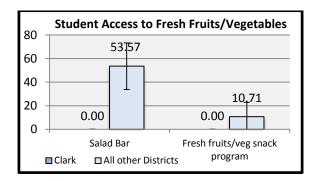


### Nutrition

Middle schools in the state have low rates of providing daily nutrition breaks, having nutrition goals, and participating in fresh fruits and vegetable snack programs. However, about half of middle schools

provide a salad bar for students. Middle schools in Clark County do not provide salad bars or participate in fresh fruits and vegetables programs.

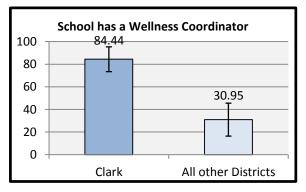




## **High Schools**

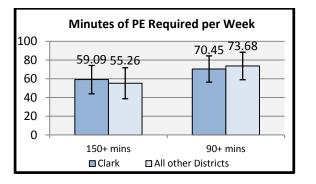
### **School Wellness Coordinator**

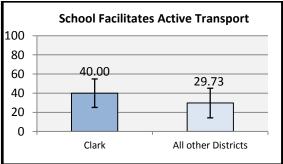
We received a survey from the one high school in Lander County. That school reported having a school wellness coordinator. As shown in the figure to the right, though a substantial proportion of Clark County high schools report having a school wellness coordinator, that practice is not standard across the rest of the state, suggesting a major area for intervention.



### **Physical Education Minutes and Active Transport**

The national recommendation for high schools is that students should receive at least 225 minutes of PE per week<sup>3</sup>. Most high schools in Nevada do not meet this recommendation, and many do not even require 150 minutes of PE per week. In addition, most high schools in the state do not have an active travel plan for students. The one Lander County high school reported requiring at least 150 minutes of PE per week and having an active travel plan.

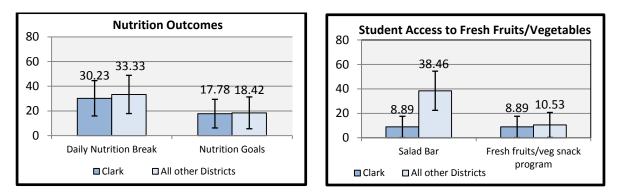




### Nutrition

The Lander County high school reported providing a daily nutrition break for students and having a salad bar. However, that school does not participate in the fresh fruits and vegetables program or have

nutrition goals identified. The rest of the state also reported low rates of each of these practices, especially for providing a salad bar and a fresh fruits/vegetables program and having nutrition goals.



This report has provided Lander County School District with a detailed account of select aspects of school wellness practices of reporting schools and additionally, for comparative purposes provided Clark County Schools' data and data from schools in the rest of the state. Overall, this report showed inconsistent physical activity and nutrition wellness practices among reporting schools and that no school participates in all existing school nutrition programs nor invests in all opportunities for students to accrue physical activity either during the school day or before or after school. This report clearly suggests there is opportunity for Lander County School District to improve school wellness practices. District leadership can be the catalyst for improvement and can be influential in broader school participation in all existing state nutrition programs and pursuit of strategies for improving school physical activity programs.

# Recommendations

Comprehensive school wellness programs provide a healthy school environment where the promotion and reinforcement of healthful dietary behaviors and physical activity can be fostered. In 2014, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention released a comprehensive report summarizing the evidencebased linkages between student physical activity, nutrition, and overall health and academic achievement.<sup>5</sup> This report provides salient rationale for school investment in improving school wellness programming as an investment in the whole child and in improving student academic performance. Based on the findings detailed in this report, we provide the following recommendations for school wellness practice improvement in physical activity and nutrition areas.

### **Physical Activity**<sup>4</sup>

By in large, Nevada schools do not meet national recommendations for recess or physical education. Through superintendent leadership and strong interagency partnerships, improvement in both physical education and recess is possible.

### **Physical Education**

Numerous authorities recommend that elementary children receive PE daily and for a total of at least 150 minutes per week and secondary students receive PE for a total of 225 minutes per week. This report included only three schools, 2 elementary, which ranged in the provision of PE minutes per week and one high school that reported students receive at least 150 minute of PE per week.

### Strategies for Improvement

- Consider hiring additional PE specialists and/or providing staff development for classroom teachers so they can implement evidence-based PE programs under the supervision of a PE specialist.
- National physical education and health authorities recommend PE be taught by certified specialists. Compared to classroom teachers, specialists conduct longer lessons and cancel them less. In addition, their students are more likely to engage in high intensity physical activity, resulting in increased physical fitness and skills.
- Employing more PE specialists may not be economically feasible now. In the interim, consider staff development for classroom teachers or part-time teachers who implement an evidence-based PE program (e.g., SPARK-PE, CATCH PE, or planet health) under the direction of a PE specialist.

### Recess

Besides providing physical activity, recess may increase academic attentiveness and on-task classroom behavior. National physical education and health authorities recommend that elementary schools provide all students with at least 20 minutes of recess each day. While one Lander County elementary school met the national recommendation, one did not. In addition, it is important to note that students don't always receive recess even when it is scheduled because teachers withhold it for disciplinary or academic reasons.

### Strategies for Improvement

- Require that elementary schools make morning and afternoon recess part of the formalized schedule.
- Provide recess-related staff development for classroom teachers, supervisors, and recess volunteers.
- Implement policies that ensure students have access to recess time.

### **Nutrition**

Deficits in dietary nutrients found in fruits in vegetables have been found to be associated with lower academic performance. This report found school participation in salad bar and/or the fresh fruits and vegetables program was only at the middle school level.

### Salad Bar and Fruit and Vegetable Participation

These data show that the high school had participation in the salad bar but no reporting Lander County schools reported participation in the fruit and vegetable program participation. Participation in both of these nutrition programs should be examined and targeted for improvement in Lander County.

### Strategy for Improvement

Work with the district food services director and the NV Department of Agriculture to develop strategies for school adoption of salad bar access and participation in the fruits and vegetable snack program.

### APPENDIX: Report of All Survey Items OVERALL WELLNESS

	E	Elementary Schools				Middle Schools				High Schools				
	Lander	Lander		All			All		Lander	All				
	(N=2)	Clark	Others	t value	(N=0)	Clark	Others	t value	(N=1)	Clark	Others	t value		
School has a school														
wellness coordinator	2	97.7	41.9	10.57***		93.6	13.8	10.72***	Yes	84.4	31.0	5.96***		
School wellness policy is disseminated to staff														
annually	2	89.4	54.4	6.10***		69.6	39.3	2.60*	Yes	77.8	47.6	3.03**		

PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

		Elementa	ary School	s		Middle	Schools			High Schools				
	Lander		All		Lander		All	t	Lander		All			
	(N=2)	Clark	Others	t value	(N=0)	Clark	Others	value	(N=1)	Clark	Others	t value		
School requires all														
students to participate in														
PE at least 150														
mins/week	0	27.0	11.2	3.26**		76.1	53.9	1.88	Yes	59.1	55.3	0.35		
School requires all														
students to participate in	-													
PE at least 90 mins/week	0	97.6	29.2	13.7***		84.8	76.9	0.79	Yes	70.5	73.7	-0.32		
PE taught by certified PE														
teacher during all PE	2	00.4	FAC	0 25***		100.0	00.0	1 00		07.0	06.0	4.00		
lessons Descons	2	99.4	54.6	8.35***		100.0	88.9	1.80	Yes	97.8	86.8	1.83		
Recess is provided at least 100 mins/week	1	33.5	53.4	-3.07**	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Recess is characterized	1	55.5	55.4	-5.07	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A	IN/A		
by the provision of loose														
balls	2	99.4	95.5	1.70	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Recess is characterized	2	55.4	55.5	1.70	N/A		N/A	N/A	14/7	N/A	N/A	N/A		
by the provision of														
strategic playground or														
game markings	2	97.0	93.2	1.26	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Recess is characterized					,	,	,	•	,	,	,	•		
by the training of	1	66.1	44.3	3.39***	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

playground supervisors											
to promote PA											
School provides											
classroom activity breaks	2	83.4	77.5	1.11	36.8	48.0	-0.86	No	38.6	44.4	-0.52
School provides before											
school PA programs	0	51.5	26.7	4.00***	50.0	16.0	3.14**	No	39.5	14.7	2.55*
School offers intramural											
programs before school	0	15.3	4.8	1.64	57.1	0.0	а	No	76.5	20.0	а
School offers organized	-										
sports before school	0	15.5	19.1	-0.36	50.0	0.0	а	No	70.6	60.0	а
School offers walking			~~ ~	0.07**							
programs before school	0	58.8	22.7	3.37**	25.0	33.0	а	No	25.0	25.0	а
School offers dance	0	42.2	4.0	4.22	F7 4	0.0	_	N -	47.4	0.0	_
before school	0	12.3	4.8	1.23	57.1	0.0	а	No	47.1	0.0	а
School provides after	2	CC 4	<b>FF 2</b>	1.00	02 5	<b>CE 4</b>	2 75**	N	<b>77</b> 0	74.4	0.50
school PA programs School offers intramural	2	66.1	55.2	1.66	93.5	65.4	2.75**	No	77.3	71.4	0.59
	0	45.8	22.0	1.47	02.0	467	ວ <b>ວ</b> ວ∗∗	Na	87.5	07	9.09***
programs after school School offers organized	0	45.8	32.6	1.47	93.0	46.7	3.33**	No	87.5	8.7	9.09
sports after school	1	56.9	52.2	0.53	97.7	04.1	0.56	No	84.4	84.0	0.04
School offers walking	T	50.9	52.2	0.53	97.7	94.1	0.50	NO	84.4	84.0	0.04
programs after school	1	22.6	21.4	0.15	11.1	13.3	-0.21	No	32.3	13.0	1.64
School offers dance after	T	22.0	21.4	0.15	11.1	13.5	-0.21	INO	52.5	13.0	1.04
school	0	42.9	21.4	2.63*	71.8	26.7	3.25**	No	93.8	39.1	4.84***
School physical activity	0	42.5	21.4	2.05	71.0	20.7	5.25	NO	55.0	55.1	4.04
programming offered											
during school											
School offers intramural											
programs during school	2	21.6	19.1	0.41	33.3	45.5	-0.57	No	18.8	21.4	-0.18
School offers organized											
sports during school	0	38.6	33.3	0.72	41.7	36.4	0.25	No	52.9	40.0	0.71
School offers walking											
programs during school	1	42.9	37.5	0.71	27.3	18.2	0.49	No	37.5	21.4	0.94
School offers dance											
during school	0	20.0	17.7	0.37	41.7	27.3	0.70	No	62.5	14.3	2.98**
School supports active											
transport by providing											
bike rack storage	2	98.2	91.0	2.23*	97.8	96.3	0.36	Yes	84.4	79.0	0.64
-											

School supports active transport by having active travel plans (e.g., SRTS)	1	74.7	51.1	3.73***	82.2	38.5	3.87***	Yes	40.0	29.7	0.96
School supports active transport by implementing traffic	1	80.7	67.4	2.39*	54.4	40.5	1.12	Yes	60.0	55.3	0.43
calming mechanisms Student access to PA is	T	60.7	07.4	2.59	54.4	40.5	1.12	res	00.0	55.5	0.45
compromised for											
disciplinary reasons	1	31.7	38.2	1.04	15.6	37.0	-2.11*	Yes	15.9	36.8	-2.16*
Student access to PA is compromised for											
academic reasons	1	15.3	36.0	-3.53***	20.0	37.0	-1.59	No	13.6	18.4	-0.58
Student access to PA is compromised due to											
space not being available	0	6.2	8.0	-0.51	11.1	7.4	0.51	No	22.2	21.1	0.13
Both indoor and outdoor											
PA facilities are available	2	82.6	69.3	2.31*	97.8	92.6	0.93	Yes	84.4	81.6	0.34
Either indoor or outdoor											
PA facilities are available	N/A	16.8	30.0	-2.25*	2.2	7.4	-0.93	N/A	6.7	2.6	0.85

#### NUTRITION

	Elementary Schools					Middle Schools				High Schools				
	Lander		All		Lander All			Lander		All				
	(N=2)	Clark	Others	t value	(N=0)	Clark	Others	t value	(N=1)	Clark	Others	t value		
Free breakfast is available														
to all students every day	1	47.1	40.0	1.09		51.1	40.7	0.85	No	60.0	33.3	2.51*		
On typical school day, students are provided at least 15 mins to consume	2	00.2	70.0	F CO***		100.0	70.0	2 71 *		02.2	60.4	<b>2</b> 02**		
school breakfast	2	98.2	70.0	5.69***		100.0	78.6	2.71*	No	93.3	68.4	2.93**		
School has a garden	0	30.6	22.5	1.43		6.4	14.3	-1.03	No	22.2	10.3	1.50		
School garden is integrated into nutrition education program	N/A	58.0	47.4	0.77		b	b	b	N/A	40.0	25.0	а		

Students are allowed to											
consume vegetables											
grown in school garden											
at school	N/A	76.9	80.0	-0.28	33.3	50.0	-0.38	N/A	66.7	100.0	а
Students have a salad				2 2 4 4 4				.,			0 00**
bar/traveling salad bar	0	41.0	24.2	2.84**	0.0	53.6	-5.58***	Yes	8.9	38.5	-3.29**
School participates in											
fresh fruit and vegetable	0	11.8	37.4	-4.51***	0.0	10.7	-1.80	No	8.9	10.5	-0.25
snack program School provides breakfast	0	11.8	37.4	-4.51	0.0	10.7	-1.80	INO	8.9	10.5	-0.25
in the classroom	0	27.2	1//	2.52*	0.0	7.1	-1.44	No	4.4	5.1	-0.15
Water is freely available	0	27.2	14.4	2.52	0.0	7.1	-1.44	NO	4.4	5.1	-0.15
to students throughout											
school day	2	98.2	97.8	0.24	97.9	100.0	-1.00	Yes	97.8	97.4	0.10
School schedules daily											
nutrition breaks	2	19.4	48.3	-4.70***	18.6	35.7	-1.63	Yes	30.2	33.3	-0.30
School schedules											
nutrition breaks during											
special occasions	2	89.4	76.9	2.33*	86.7	77.3	0.97	No	70.7	62.9	0.72
School encourages staff											
to use non-food											
incentives/rewards	2	97.0	91.2	1.78	89.4	77.8	1.35	Yes	63.6	74.4	-1.05
School participates in											
scripts, box tops, or	1	0С Г	00.1	1.04	74 5	64.2	0.02	Ne		20 г	0.10
labels for education	1	96.5	90.1	1.84	74.5	64.3	0.93	No	22.2	20.5	0.19
Scripts	0	4.3	11.1	-1.78	8.9	8.0	0.13	No	2.2	2.6	-0.10
Box tops	1	96.5	90.1	1.83	74.5	60.7	1.25	No	20.0	18.0	0.24
Labels	1	29.7	38.1	-1.31	13.3	8.0	0.66	No	6.7	7.7	-0.18
Nutrition education is											
integrated into											
curriculum	2	90.5	64.4	4.68***	78.7	71.4	0.71	Yes	84.4	79.5	0.59
School has identified											
nutrition education goals	0	16.0	12.1	0.87	17.0	3.6	2.04*	No	17.8	18.4	-0.07

### NOTES

Not all schools provided responses for every item; sample sizes vary across items

t-values are from significance tests comparing Clark County to the rest of the state.

\*p<0.05; \*\*p<0.01; \*\*\*p<0.001; two-tailed t-tests for differences in proportions/percentages;

<sup>a</sup> Sample is not large enough for statistical test <sup>b</sup> No responses provided

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### **Endnotes**

<sup>3</sup> The national recommendation for the number of PE minutes middle school students should receive per week is 225. However, because some middle school respondents completed the survey using the link for elementary schools, and the elementary school survey allowed for a maximum response of 150 minutes or more per week, we are unable to show the percentage of middle schools that require at least 225 minutes of PE per week.

<sup>4</sup> Regular engagement in physical activity is important for children's growth, development, and health. The National Physical Activity Guidelines (2008) indicate children should engage in moderate and vigorous physical activity at least 60 minutes each day, but far too many children, including Nevada's children, do not. <sup>5</sup>The Centers for Disease Control report can be found at:

http://static.squarespace.com/static/53b1a843e4b0dcbabf4b4b85/t/53d15be7e4b0a7d1d7db0e7d/14062294799 98/health-academic-achievement.pdf)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Established by Child Nutrition and Women, Infant, and Child Reauthorization Act of 2004; Reinforced by the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> During data analysis we identified several cases of duplicate school surveys, often completed from different ip addresses (suggesting completion by different individuals), and often with discrepant responses across the duplicates. Because we could not include a school in the results more than once, we eliminated duplicates from our analysis. In the case of duplicates, we selected which survey to retain based on which survey contained fewer missing responses to survey items. In cases where the number of missing responses were similar, we selected the survey completed last under the assumption that the last survey completed was to correct erroneous information provided in an earlier survey.